# 48V 120W 1 Phase / DRP048V120W1B□





#### **Highlights & Features**

- Universal AC input voltage
- Power will not de-rate for the entire input voltage range
- Power Boost of 150% for 5 seconds
- Full corrosion resistant aluminium chassis
- Conformal coating on PCBA to protect against common dust and chemical pollutants
- Hazardous Locations approval to ATEX and Class I, Div 2 (DRP048V120W1BA)

#### **Safety Standards**















CB Certified for worldwide use

**Model Number:** DRP048V120W1B□ **Unit Weight:** 0.72 kg (1.59 lb) **Dimensions (L x W x D):** 121 x 50 x 123.1 mm

(4.76 x 1.97 x 4.85 inch)

## **General Description**

The CliQ II DIN rail power supply series from one of the world's leading power supply companies, Delta Electronics Group, offers output voltage of 48V. These products are encased in rugged yet lightweight full aluminium body that can withstand shock and vibration according to IEC 60068-2 standard. The series of single phase products can operate over a wide temperature range of -25°C to +80°C. These products also feature universal AC input voltage range from 85Vac to 264Vac and the power will not de-rate throughout the entire range. Another great feature is the conformal coating on the PCBA which allows selected models to be certified to ATEX and Class I, Div 2 for use in hazardous locations. The design conforms to harmonic current emission IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A.

## **Model Information**

### CliQ II DIN Rail Power Supply

Model Number	Input Voltage Range	Rated Output Voltage	Rated Output Current
DRP048V120W1B□	85-264Vac (120-375Vdc)	48Vdc	2.50A

#### **Model Numbering**

DR	Р	048V	120W	1	В	
DIN Rail	Power Supply	Output Voltage	Output Power	Single Phase	CliQ II Series	A - Metal Case, with Class I, Div 2 N - Metal Case, without Class I, Div 2



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## **Specifications**

## Input Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Input Voltage	100-240Vac
Input Voltage Range	85-264Vac
Nominal Input Frequency	50-60Hz
Input Frequency Range	47-63Hz
DC Input Voltage Range*	120-375Vdc
Input Current	< 2.20A @ 115Vac, < 1.10A @ 230Vac
Efficiency at 100% Load	> 90.0% @ 115Vac, > 91.0% @ 230Vac
Max Inrush Current (Cold Start)	< 35A @ 115Vac & 230Vac
Power Factor	> 0.99 @ 115Vac, > 0.93 @ 230Vac
Leakage Current	< 1mA @ 240Vac

<sup>\*</sup>Fulfills the test conditions for DC input. DC input safety approval can be obtained upon request.

### **Output Ratings / Characteristics**

Nominal Output Voltage	48Vdc			
Factory Set Point Tolerance	± 1% (initial set point tolerance from factory)			
Output Voltage Adjustment Range	48-56Vdc			
Output Current	2.50A (continuously operating at 48V) 3.75A (Power Boost for 5 seconds at 48V, refer to the details the Functions section)			
Output Power	120W (continuously operating at 48V) 180W (Power Boost for 5 seconds at 48V, refer to the details the Functions section)			
Line Regulation	< 0.5% typ. (@ 85-264Vac input, 100% load)			
Load Regulation	< 1% typ. (@ 85-264Vac input, 0-100% load)			
PARD (20MHz)	< 200mVpp			
Rise Time	< 200ms @ nominal input (100% load)			
Start-up Time	< 2,000ms @ nominal input (100% load)			
Hold-up Time	> 20ms @ 115Vac, > 50ms @ 230Vac (100% load)			
Dynamic Response (Overshoot & Undershoot O/P Voltage)	± 2% @ 0-100% load			
Start-up with Capacitive Loads	6,500µF Max			



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### Mechanical

Case Cover / Chassis		Aluminium	
Dimensions (L x W x D)		121 x 50 x 123.1 mm (4.76 x 1.97 x 4.85 inch)	
Unit Weight		0.72 kg (1.59 lb)	
Indicator		Green LED (DC OK)	
Cooling System		Convection	
Terminal	Input	3 Pins (Rated 300V/15A)	
	Output	4 Pins (Rated 300V/15A)	
Wire	Input / Output	AWG 20-12	
Mounting Rail		Standard TS35 DIN Rail in accordance with EN 60715	
Noise (1 Meter from power supply)		Sound Pressure Level (SPL) < 40dBA	

#### **Environment**

Surrounding Air Temperature	Operating	-25°C to +80°C (Cold Start at -40°C)	
	Storage	-40°C to +85°C	
Power De-rating	Vertical Mounting	> 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C	
	Horizontal Mounting	> 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C, > 70°C de-rate power by 3.5% / °C	
Operating Humidity		5 to 95% RH (Non-Condensing)	
Operating Altitude		0 to 2,500 Meters (8,200 ft.)	
Shock Test	Non-Operating	IEC 60068-2-27, 30G (300m/S²) for a duration of 18ms, 1 time per direction, 2 times in total	
Vibration	Non-Operating	IEC 60068-2-6, 10Hz to 500Hz @ 30m/S² (3G peak); 60 min per axis for all X, Y, Z direction	
Pollution Degree		2	

### **Protections**

Overvoltage	> 57V, SELV Output, Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)
Overload / Overcurrent	> 150% of rated load current, Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)
Over Temperature	< 80°C Surrounding Air Temperature @ 100% load, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)
Short Circuit	Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed)
Degree of Protection	IP20
Protection Against Shock	Class I with PE* connection

<sup>\*</sup>PE: Primary Earth

## Reliability Data

MTBF	> 800,000 hrs. as per Telcordia SR-332 I/P: 115Vac, O/P: 100% load, Ta: 25°C
Expected Cap Life Time	10 years (115Vac & 230Vac, 50% load @ 40°C)



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## Safety Standards / Directives

Electrical Equipment in Power Installations		EN 50178 / IEC 62103	
Electrical Safety	SIQ Bauart	EN 60950-1	
	UL/cUL recognized	UL 60950-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1 (File No. E191395)	
	CB scheme	IEC 60950-1	
Industrial Control Equipment	UL/cUL listed	UL 508 and CSA C22.2 No. 107.1-01 (File No. E315355)	
	CSA	CSA C22.2 No. 107.1-01 (File No. 181564)	
Hazardous Location / ATEX (For DRP048V120W1BA)	cCSAus	CSA C22.2 No. 213-M1987, ANSI / ISA 12.12.01:2011 [Class I, Division 2, Group A, B, C, D T4, Ta= -25°C to +80°C (> +50°C derating)]	
	ATEX	EN 60079-0:2009, EN 60079-15:2010 [	
		Certificate No. EPS 12 ATEX 1 491 X	
CCC		GB9254, GB17625.1 and GB4943.1	
		仅适用于海拔 2000m 以下地区安全使用	
CE		In conformance with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU and Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU	
		For DRP048V120W1BA: In conformance with Equipment for explosive atmospheres (ATEX) directive 2014/34/EU	
Material and Parts		RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU Compliant	
Galvanic Isolation	Input to Output	4.0KVac	
	Input to Ground	1.5KVac	
	Output to Ground	1.5KVac	



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### **EMC**

Emissions (CE & RE)		CISPR 32, EN 55032, CISPR 11, EN 55011, FCC Title 47: Class B		
Component Power Supply for General Use		EN 61204-3		
Immunity		EN 55024, EN 61000-6-1, EN 61000-6-2		
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC 61000-4-2	Level 4 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> Air Discharge: 15kV Contact Discharge: 8kV		
Radiated Field	IEC 61000-4-3	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 80MHz-1GHz, 10V/M, 80% modulation (1kHz)		
Electrical Fast Transient / Burst	IEC 61000-4-4	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 2kV		
Surge	IEC 61000-4-5	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> Common Mode <sup>2)</sup> : 2kV Differential Mode <sup>3)</sup> : 1kV		
Conducted	IEC 61000-4-6	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 150kHz-80MHz, 10Vrms		
Power Frequency Magnetic Fields	IEC 61000-4-8	Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 30A/Meter		
Voltage Dips	IEC 61000-4-11	100% dip; 1 cycle (20ms); Self Recoverable		
Low Energy Pulse Test (Ring Wave)	IEC 61000-4-12	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> Common Mode <sup>2)</sup> : 2kV Differential Mode <sup>3)</sup> : 1kV		
Harmonic Current Emission		IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A		
Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker		IEC/EN 61000-3-3		

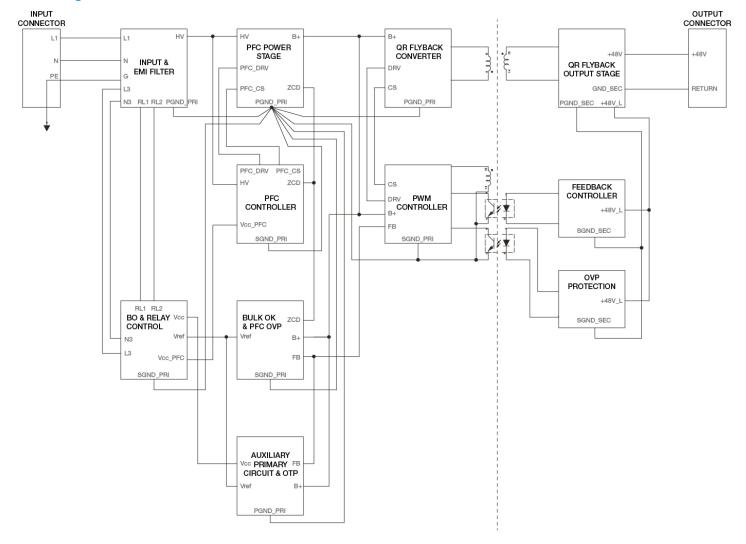
<sup>1)</sup> Criteria A: Normal performance within the specification limits



<sup>2)</sup> Asymmetrical: Common mode (Line to earth) 3) Symmetrical: Differential mode (Line to line)

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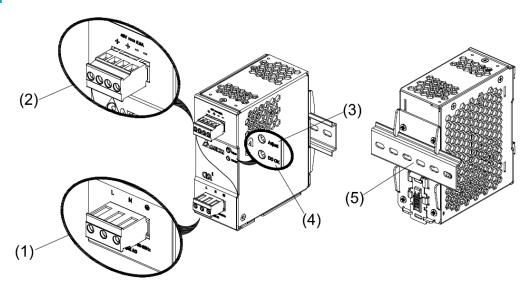
### **Block Diagram**





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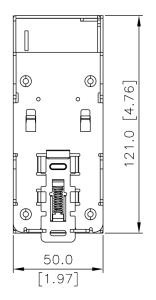
## **Device Description**

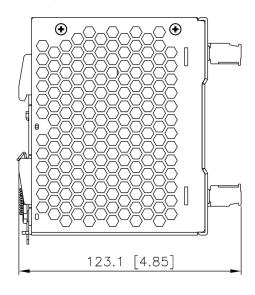


- 1) Input terminal block connector
- 2) Output terminal block connector
- 3) DC Voltage adjustment potentiometer
- DC OK control LED (Green)
- 5) Universal mounting rail system

### **Dimensions**

**L x W x D:** 121 x 50 x 123.1 mm (4.76 x 1.97 x 4.85 inch)









# 48V 120W 1 Phase / DRP048V120W1B

## **Engineering Data**

### Output Load De-rating VS Surrounding Air Temperature

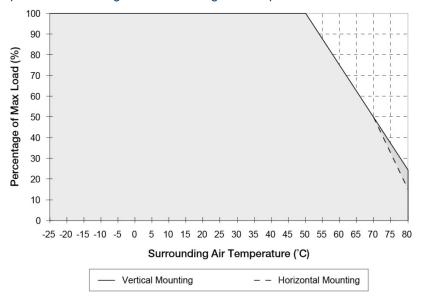


Fig. 1 De-rating for Vertical Mounting Orientation > 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C

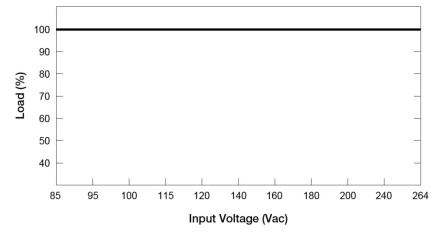
### **De-rating for Horizontal Mounting Orientation**

- > 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C,
- > 70°C de-rate power by 3.5% / °C

#### Note

- Power supply components may degrade, or be damaged, when the power supply is continuously used outside the shaded region, refer to the graph shown in Fig. 1.
- 2. If the output capacity is not reduced when the surrounding air temperature > 50°C, the device may run into Over Temperature Protection. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode and will recover when the surrounding air temperature is lowered or the load is reduced as far as necessary to keep the device in working condition.
- In order for the device to function in the manner intended, it is also necessary to keep a safety distance of 20mm (0.79 inch) for Vertical Mounting or 50mm (1.97 inch) for Horizontal Mounting with adjacent units while the device is in operation.
- Depending on the surrounding air temperature and output load delivered by the power supply, the device can be very hot!
- 5. If the device has to be mounted in any other orientation, please contact info@deltapsu.com for more details.

### Output Load De-rating VS Input Voltage



 No output power de-rating across the entire input voltage range



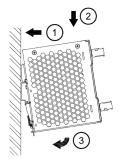
# 48V 120W 1 Phase / DRP048V120W1B

### **Assembly & Installation**

The power supply unit (PSU) can be mounted on 35mm DIN rails in accordance with EN 60715. For Vertical Mounting, the device should be installed with input terminal block at the bottom. For Horizontal Mounting, the device should be installed with input terminal block on the left side.

Each device is delivered ready to install.

#### Mounting



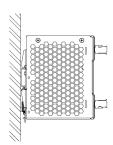
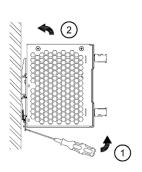


Fig. 2.1 Mounting

Snap on the DIN rail as shown in Fig. 2.1:

- 1. Tilt the unit upwards and insert it onto the DIN rail.
- 2. Push downwards until stopped.
- 3. Press against the bottom front side for locking.
- 4. Shake the unit slightly to ensure that it is secured.

#### Dismounting



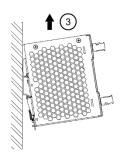
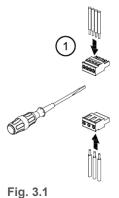
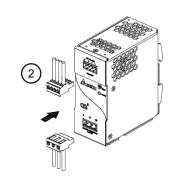


Fig. 2.2 Dismounting

To uninstall, pull or slide down the latch with screw driver as shown in Fig. 2.2. Then slide the power supply unit (PSU) in the opposite direction, release the latch and pull out the power supply unit (PSU) from the rail.

### Connection





1 Fig. 3.2

**CAUTION:** Must tighten wire to housing (Fig. 3.1) before plugging into the terminal block connection (Fig. 3.2).

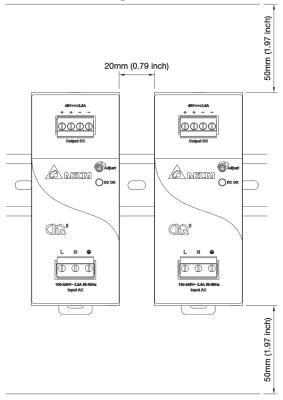
In accordance to EN 60950 / UL 50950, flexible cables require ferrules. Use appropriate copper cables designed to sustain operating temperature of  $60^{\circ}\text{C}$  /  $75^{\circ}\text{C}$  or more to fulfill UL requirements.



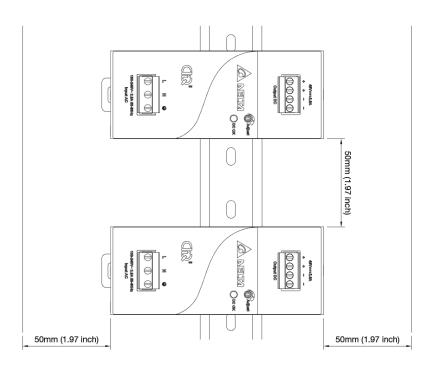
# 48V 120W 1 Phase / DRP048V120W1B

### Safety Instructions

#### Vertical Mounting



#### Horizontal Mounting



- ALWAYS switch mains of input power OFF before connecting and disconnecting the input voltage to the unit. If mains are not turned OFF, there is risk of explosion / severe damage.
- To guarantee sufficient convection cooling, keep a distance of 50mm (1.97 inch) above and below the device as well as a lateral distance of 20mm (0.79 inch) for Vertical Mounting or 50mm (1.97 inch) for Horizontal Mounting to other units.
- Note that the enclosure of the device can become very hot depending on the surrounding air temperature and load of the power supply. Risk of burns!
- Only plug in and unplug connectors when power is turned off!
- DO NOT insert any objects into the unit.
- Hazardous voltages may be present for up to 5 minutes after the input mains voltage is disconnected. Do not touch the unit during this time.
- The power supplies are built in units and must be installed in a cabinet or room (condensation free environment and indoor location) that is relatively free of conductive contaminants.
- CAUTION: "For use in a controlled environment".

#### For DRP048V120W1BA:

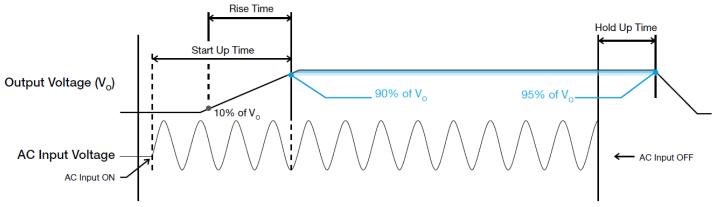
- The power supplies unit must be installed in an IP54 enclosure or cabinet in the final installation. The enclosure or cabinet must comply with EN 60079-0 or EN 60079-15.
- Warning: Explosion Hazard Substitution of components may impair suitability for Class I, Division 2.
- Warning: Explosion Hazard Do not disconnect equipment or adjust potentiometer unless the power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.



# 48V 120W 1 Phase / DRP048V120W1B

#### **Functions**

■ Graph illustrating the Start-up Time, Rise Time, and Hold-up Time



#### Start-up Time

The time required for the output voltage to reach 90% of its final steady state set value, after the input voltage is applied.

#### Rise Time

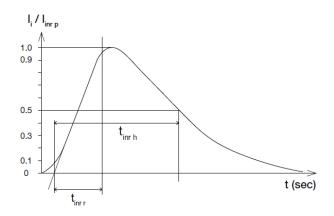
The time required for the output voltage to change from 10% to 90% of its final steady state set value.

#### Hold-up Time

Time between the collapse of the AC input voltage, and the output falling to 95% of its steady state set value.

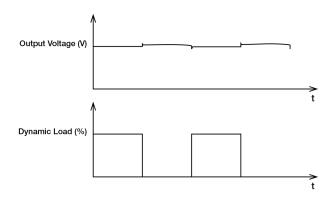
#### **Inrush Current**

Inrush current is the peak, instantaneous, input current measured and, occurs when the input voltage is first applied. For AC input voltages, the maximum peak value of inrush current will occur during the first half cycle of the applied AC voltage. This peak value decreases exponentially during subsequent cycles of AC voltage.



#### Dynamic Response

The power supply output voltage will remains within  $\pm 2\%$  of its steady state value, when subjected to a dynamic load from 0% to 100% of its rated current.





# 48V 120W 1 Phase / DRP048V120W1B

#### **Power Boost**

Power Boost is the reserve power available constantly that allows reliable startup to support sudden and short spike of loads with high inrush current typically during turn on to remove the need of more expensive higher rated power supply unit. After the output has reached its steady state set value, the power supply can support surge loads with a higher short-term power demand up to 150% of maximum rated load (Io Max), for a maximum duration of 5 seconds. The Power Boost is also available to repeatedly basis with according to the condition of an average (R.M.S) output power shall not exceed continuous operating condition or refer to duty cycle calculation below.

$$Duty\ cycle\ (\%) = \frac{T_P}{Total\ Time}$$

$$Average\ Output\ Power\ (P_{Avg}) = \frac{(Power\ Boost\ \times T_P) + (Non\text{-}Peak\ Power\ \times T_N)}{Total\ Time}$$

OR

$$Non\text{-}Peak\ Power = \frac{\left(P_{Avg} \times Total\ Time\right) - \left(Power\ Boost\ \times T_P\right)}{T_N}$$

#### ■ An example of Power Boost and Average Output Power

Power Boost	Peak Power (W <sub>P</sub> )	Power Boost Duration (T <sub>P</sub> )	Duty Cycle	Non-Peak Power (W <sub>N</sub> )	Non-Peak Power Duration (T <sub>N</sub> )	Total Time (T)
150%	180	5 sec	10%	113W	45 sec	50 sec
150%	180	5 sec	35%	88W	9.3 sec	14.3 sec
120%	144	10 sec	20%	114W	40 sec	50 sec
120%	114	10 sec	35%	107W	18.5 sec	28.5 sec

It is not recommended to prolong the duration of Power Boost to be longer than the specified duty cycle calculation, this may cause damage to the PSU.

#### **External Input Protection Device**

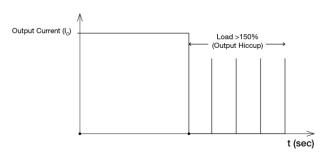
The unit is protected with internal fuse (not replaceable) at L pin and it has been tested and approved on 20A (UL) and 16A (IEC) branch circuits without additional protection device. An external protection device is only required if the supplying branch has an ampacity greater than above. Thus, if an external protective device is necessary, or, utilized, please refer a minimum value in instruction sheet with B or C characteristic breaker.



# 48V 120W 1 Phase / DRP048V120W1B

#### Overload & Overcurrent Protections (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's Overload (OLP) and Overcurrent (OCP) Protections will be activated when output current exceeds 150% of  $I_0$  (Max load). In such occurrence, the  $V_0$  will start to droop and once the power supply has reached its maximum power limit, the protection is activated and the power supply will go into "Hiccup mode" (Auto-Recovery). The power supply will recover once the fault condition of the OLP and OCP is removed and  $I_0$  is back within the specifications.



It is not recommended to prolong the duration of I<sub>O</sub> when it is <150% but >100%, since it may cause damage to the PSU.

### Short Circuit Protection (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's output OLP/OCP function also provides protection against short circuits. When a short circuit is applied, the output current will operate in "Hiccup mode", as shown in the illustration in the OLP/OCP section on this page. The power supply will return to normal operation after the short circuit is removed.

### Overvoltage Protection (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's overvoltage circuit will be activated when its internal feedback circuit fails. The output voltage shall not exceed its specifications defined on Page 3 under "Protections".



## Over Temperature Protection (Auto-Recovery)

As described in load de-rating section, the power supply also has Over Temperature Protection (OTP). In the event of a higher operating temperature at 100% load, the power supply will run into OTP when the operating temperature is beyond what is recommended in the de-rating graph. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode until the temperature drops to its normal operating temperature as recommended in the derating graph.



# 48V 120W 1 Phase / DRP048V120W1B

## **Operating Mode**

#### Redundant Operation

In order to ensure proper redundant operation for the power supply unit (PSU), the output voltage difference between the two units must be kept at 0.90~1.00V for 48V supplies. Follow simple steps given below to set them up for the redundant operation:

#### Step 1.

Measure output voltage of PSU 1 and PSU 2. If PSU 1 is the master unit, then  $V_0$  of PSU 1 must be higher than PSU 2. In order to set the output voltage, individually connect the power supply to 50% of rated load at any line voltage from 85-264Vac, and set the PSU 1 and PSU 2 output voltage.

#### Step 2.

Connect the power supply units PSU 1 and PSU 2 to  $V_{\rm in}$  1 &  $V_{\rm in}$  2, respectively, of the DRR-20N (or 20A) module shown on the diagram on the right.

#### Step 3.

Connect the system load from  $V_{out}$ . Please note that output voltage  $V_{out}$  from DRR module will be =  $V_{O}$  (output voltage of power supply) –  $V_{drop}^*$  (in DRR module).

\*Vdrop will vary from 0.60V to 0.90V (Typical 0.65V) depending on the load current and surrounding air temperature

#### PSU 1 DRR-20N or PSU 2 Signal GND\*\* 88 À VELTA 💇 A NELTA OV. A NELTA 🍣 LOAD $\otimes \otimes$ $\otimes \otimes$ Cli3 Cli3" 8888 +Output +V1 (PSU1) +V2 (PSU2) Signal GND\* Common Output GND DC OK Relay

\*\*The Signal GND in the DRR module is for the built-in LED and DC OK signals. The Output GND terminals from the two PSU's do not need to be connected to the Signal GND terminal.

Fig. 3 Redundant Operation Connection Diagram

## ■ Parallel Operation

The power supply units (PSUs) can also be used for parallel operation in order to increase the output power. The difference in output voltage between the two units must be kept to within 25mV of each other. This difference must be verified with the same output load connected independently to each unit.

Parameters such as EMI, inrush current, leakage current, PARD, start up time will be different from those on the datasheet, when two units are connected in parallel. The user will need to verify that any differences will still allow the two power supplies connected in parallel will work properly in their product/application.

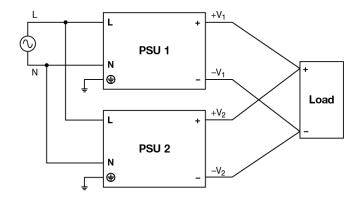


Fig. 4 Parallel Operation Connection Diagram



# 48V 120W 1 Phase / DRP048V120W1B

### **Others**

### Delta RoHS Compliant



#### Restriction of the usage of hazardous substances

The European directive 2011/65/EU limits the maximum impurity level of homogeneous materials such as lead, mercury, cadmium, chrome, polybrominated flame retardants PBB and PBDE for the use in electrical and electronic equipment. RoHS is the abbreviation for "Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment".

This product conforms to this standard.

### **Conformal Coating**



#### The Protective Coating Technology

Delta Electronics Group has designed the perfect dipping technique which penetrates everywhere including under device, and prevents leakage. The conformal coating dipping can be applied to PCBAs or circuit board. The coating preserves the performance of precision electronic primarily by preventing ionizable contaminants such as salt from reaching circuit nodes, where the material slumps around sharp edges. This can be a problem especially in highly conversing atmosphere.

#### PFC - Norm EN 61000-3-2





Typically, the input current waveform is not sinusoidal due to the periodical peak charging of the input capacitor. In industrial environment, complying with EN 61000-3-2 is only necessary under special conditions. Complying to this standard can have some technical drawbacks, such as lower efficiency as well as some commercial aspects such as higher purchasing costs. Frequently, the user does not profit from fulfilling this standard, therefore, it is important to know whether it is mandatory to meet this standard for a specific application.

#### Attention

Delta provides all information in the datasheets on an "AS IS" basis and does not offer any kind of warranty through the information for using the product. In the event of any discrepancy between the information in the catalog and datasheets, the datasheets shall prevail (please refer to **www.DeltaPSU.com** for the latest datasheets information). Delta shall have no liability of indemnification for any claim or action arising from any error for the provided information in the datasheets. Customer shall take its responsibility for evaluation of using the product before placing an order with Delta.

Delta reserves the right to make changes to the information described in the datasheets without notice.

